

RAT Myocyte Isolation Protocol (non-Langendorff mode)

Liao Lab Protocol, modified 7/4/2014

Materials: For 1 to 3 rats → 1×10^6 myocytes/ ml

Perfusion apparatus

4 oz specimen container. (Pcup) for second enzyme digestion

Sterile Instruments: medium size scissors
2 forceps
medium size hemostat
sterile falcon P60/p100
bulldog clamp

Filters

Millex-GV 0.22um Filter unit Millipore (ref# SLGVR25LS)
Corning

Solutions

All solutions should be sterile (autoclave or filter) using MilliQ-H₂O

Ca²⁺ -Free Krebs buffer: NaCl stock (68.95g/500ml H₂O)
KCl stock (3.5g/500ml H₂O)
MgSO₄ stock (1.44g/500ml H₂O)
KH₂PO₄ stock (1.635g/500ml H₂O)
NaHCO₃ stock (21.0g/500ml H₂O)

Add 100ml of each to 4.32 g glucose and bring to 2000 ml.

Enzyme Solutions:

Made in 30ml Ca²⁺ free buffer with glucose

Enzyme 1: Collogenase (Worthington cat# 4177 lot#)
21560 u/200ml Ca²⁺ -Free Krebs buffer
Hyaluronidase (Sigma cat# H-2126)
??? u/200ml Ca²⁺ -Free Krebs buffer

Made in 30ml Ca²⁺ free buffer with glucose

Enzyme 2: Trypsin (sigma cat# t-0303)
0.3 mg/ml store in -20
DNAase I (Worthington cat# 2007)
0.3 mg/ml store in -20

1 M sterile CaCl₂ (100 cc)

70% Ethyl Alcohol (Liters)

DMEM (Gibco)

BSA (Sigma)

Penicillian-Streptomycin (Gibco cat# 15140-148)

Laminin (Invitrogen)
ACCT Media (1 g BSA, .2g L-carnitine (Sigma C-0283), .33g Creatine (C-0780), .31g Taurine (T-0625)) in DMEM + PS

Methods:

- All conditions are sterile and performed at room temperature
 - 1) Turn on water bath
 - 2) Make 2 L fresh Ca^{2+} -Free buffer (useable for 2 days)
 - 3) Make Enzyme 1 Solution
 - 4) Rinse perfusion apparatus with 70% ethyl alcohol then MilliQ H_2O
 - 5) Circulate Ca^{2+} -Free buffer
 - 6) Fill P60 with 5 cc Ca^{2+} -Free buffer –store @ 4°C
 - 7) Anesthetize (Pentobarbital) rats IP
 - 8) Excise heart
 - a. Soak chest with alcohol
 - b. Open chest
 - c. Remove heart by cutting just above thymus
 - d. Place in Ca^{2+} -Free buffer/start perfusion pump ~ 1 ml/min
 - e. Peel thymus and locate transverse/descending aorta
 - f. Cut aorta at this region and cannulate tip of cannula just above pulmonary artery
 - g. Use hemostat to clamp heart and tie aorta to cannula
 - h. Increase pump speed ~ 7ml/min
 - i. remove LA and RA
 - 9) Perfuse with Ca^{2+} -Free buffer for 2-3 min
 - 10) Stop pump/ quickly place tubing in to Enzyme 1/Perfuse with Enzyme 1 for 20 min (Note: for 3 hearts Enzyme 1 must be recirculated, but be sure NOT to let Ca^{2+} -Free buffer wash into Enzyme 1 solution)
 - 11) Set incubator to 37°C and set shaker at 150 rpm
 - 12) Thaw Trypsin and DNAase aliquots for Enzyme 2
 - 13) Aliquot ACCT
 - a. 20 ml in 50cc tube then add 1.29 BSA
 - b. 2 X 50 cc tubes for laminin 10 $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$
 - c. 25 ml + 25 ml Ca^{2+} -Free buffer (WASH BUFFER)
 - 14) Add Trypsin, DNAase, 20 μl CaCl_2 to 20 ml Enzyme 1 in sterile Pcup and add 5 ml of Enzyme 2 to P60
 - 15) Plate Laminin DMEM + PS, swirl after adding to plate
 - a. P60 2ml
 - b. P100 5ml
 - c. 6 well plate 2ml
 - d. cover slips few drops
 - 16) Using forceps and scissors:
 - a. Cut heart down while holding tip of apex, and place in P60
 - b. Cut heart 8 to 10 small pieces (save one piece a view under microscope; if rod shaped myocytes are visible, digestion went well)

- 17) Combine hearts with Enzyme 2 in Pcup
- 18) Heat and shake in incubator for 18 minutes
- 19) Finish plating laminin, store solutions, and clean perfusion apparatus with water and alcohol
- 20) Mix BSA and ACCT after plating laminin
- 21) Pour 15cc of wash buffer through nylon mesh filter
- 22) Break tip off 10cc pipett and aspirate cells up and down gently then eject cell suspension through filter Filter (*avoid running bubbles through cell suspensions)
- 23) Centrifuge (50 X g 3 min)
- 24) Aspirate supernatant with 2cc pipette (save for fibroblast isolation) to 5cc level
- 25) Slowly add 10cc wash media to one pellet, resuspend cells by aspirating slowly, and combine pellets.
- 26) Let cells settle (5-8 min), asparate supernatant, and resuspend cells in 10cc wash media
- 27) Again, let cells settle and asparate supernatant to about 7 cc mark
- 28) Using 10 cc pipette, transfer cell suspension to BSA solution by SLOWLY ejecting cells onto wall of 50cc tube. There should be two distinct layers
- 29) Let cells settle (6-8 minutes) [Avoid letting cells settle too long allowing a white rim to form on top of pellet]
- 30) Aspirate laminin solution from plates and add ACCT
 - a. 1 ml/P60 or cover slips
- 31) Aspirate BSA/cell supernatant and resuspend cells in ACCT (500,000 cells/ml) and plate (1 ml/P60)